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by the acreage report filed by the landowner or operator unless the producer files a separate acreage report prior to the date specified by CCC for the crop and location. Reports of acreage planted or intended and prevented from being planted must include all of the following information:

- (1) Number of acres of the eligible crop in the administrative county (for each planting in the event of multiple planting) in which the producer has a share:
- (2) Zero acres planted when the producer's crop for which an application for coverage was filed, is not planted;
- (3) The producer's share of the eligible crop at the time an application for coverage was filed:
 - (4) The FSA farm serial number;
- (5) The identity of the crop, practices, intended uses, and for forage crops, the predominant species or type and variety of the vegetation;
- (6) The identity of all producers sharing in the crop;
- (7) The date the crop was planted or planting was completed, including the age of the perennial crops; and
- (8) The acreage intended but prevented from being planted.
- (d) Producers receiving a guaranteed payment for planted acreage, as opposed to receiving a payment only upon delivery of the production must provide documentation of any written or verbal contract or arrangement with the buyer to CCC. Net production, as determined by CCC, may be adjusted upward by the amount of production corresponding to the amount of the contract payment received.
- (e) Producers must provide documentation of any salvage value received by or made available for the quantity of the crop or commodity that cannot be marketed or sold in any market, as determined by CCC and any value received by or made available for a secondary use of the crop or commodity.
- (f) Producers requesting payment under this part must maintain records which substantiate gross revenue for the tax year preceding the crop year for which coverage is requested.
- (g) Producers requesting a waiver of service fees as a limited resource producer must maintain records which

substantiate annual gross income for the two tax years preceding the crop year for which coverage is requested.

§1437.8 Unit division.

Except as determined by CCC, a unit shall be all acreage of the eligible crop in the administrative county operated by the same producer(s). In cases where the owners of land are also producers, units shall be further divided based on ownership interest of the land.

§ 1437.9 Causes of loss.

- (a) To be eligible for benefits under this part, crops must be damaged or prevented from being planted by drought, flood or other natural disasters and conditions related thereto. Not all named perils are eligible causes of loss for all crops. Eligible causes of loss include:
- (1) Damaging weather occurring prior to or during harvest, including but not limited to drought, hail, excessive moisture, freeze, tornado, hurricane, excessive wind, or any combination thereof:
- (2) Adverse natural occurrence occurring prior to or during harvest, such as earthquake, flood, or volcanic eruption; and
- (3) A related condition, including but not limited to heat, insect infestation, or disease, which occurs as a result of an adverse natural occurrence or damaging weather occurring prior to or during harvest, that directly causes, accelerates, or exacerbates the destruction or deterioration of an eligible crop, as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) Ineligible causes of loss include but are not limited to:
- (1) Factors or circumstances that are not the result of an eligible cause of loss affecting specific crop or commodity:
- (2) The negligence or malfeasance of the producer;
- (3) The failure of the producer to reseed to the same crop in those areas and under such circumstances where it is customary to reseed;
- (4) Failure of the producer to follow good farming practices, as determined by CCC;
- (5) Water contained or released by any governmental, public, or private